Part One: Needs Assessment

hird	Eye Agents: Use this form to pl	on supersuits. Fill it out	completely so your Suit i	wontfeil MJ
Age	nt Names: Jome	tada 10-2	22	
Wha	t environment is you	ur suit for? F	bod water	
	t does your suit need ronment?	d to do for peop	le to survive th	ne
•	One condition of the environment of the suit needs to	v densit		(density)
	(usefulness as armor)	(camouflage)	(other:	(delibity)
•	One condition of the environment of the suit needs to	protectiv	/	ng debris
	(thermal protection)	(strength)	(flexibility)	(density)
	(usefulness as armor)	(camouflage)	(other:)
•	One condition of the environs of the suit needs toU The property this relates to		uted water with the	er and coldwater mal protection
	(thermal protection)	(strength)	(flexibility)	(density)
	(usefulness as armor)	(camouflage)	(other: Water	proof)

What does your suit need to do for people to get food, shelter, and water? (Imagine your environment's resources. Be creative!)

- People in this environment will get food by <u>Scavenging</u> so the suit needs to <u>be Flexible</u>, <u>light weight</u>, and <u>have some storage</u>
- People in this environment will get water by <u>Polluted water</u> so the suit needs to <u>Contain a filtration system</u>
- People in this environment will get shelter by hiding in destroyed built so the suit needs to be durable, tear resistant,

 Strong

What other features do you want your suit to have? Start by writing down your wildest ideas:

· Self neutralizing · non adhering (against chemicals) · gecko inspired biomimicry climbing system · shoot/spin web for protection, storage, food

As a team, narrow it down to the ideas most important to meet user needs:

thermal water-proof
strength
armor
flexibility

Part Two: Materials Choice

Third Eye Agents: Use this form to plan supersuits. Fill it out completely so your suit won't fail M								
Agent Names: Jometada 6-22								
What environment is your suit for? Flood water								
What properties are most important for your suit? (Look back at your needs assessment).								
(thermal protection) (strength) (flexibility) (density)								
(usefulness as armor) (camouflage) (other: Water Proof)								
What materials will you use for your suit? How much does each material cost? This should be a number from 1-10 from the materials table/toolbox. (You can layer materials. If you do, write the cost of both combined.)								
Body (Arms/Legs/Chest/Back): Aylon, dyneema, Cost: 4								
Joints (Elbows/Knees/Ankles): Nylon, dyneema Cost: 4								
Hands: nylon, dyheema rubber Cost: 5								
Feet: <u>nylon</u> , <u>dyneema</u> , <u>rubber</u> Cost: <u>5</u>								
Add up your total cost:								

Max: 18
If your total is more,
you need to change
your materials.

What are your suit's weaknesses? What will your user need to be careful about? (To find out, look at the materials you chose: what properties do they have low numbers for?)

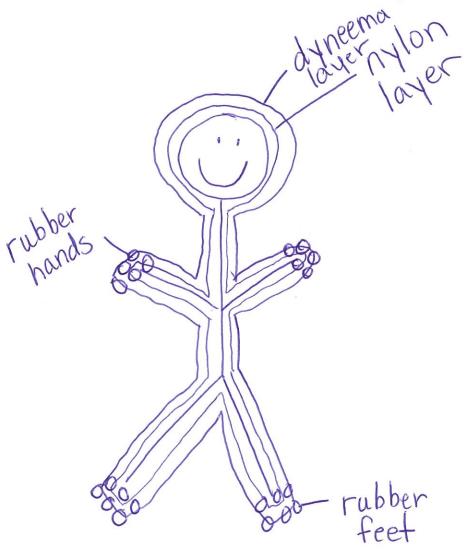
· Sta	y au	ay	from	Open	flame

Part Three: Rough Sketch

Third Eye Agents: Use this form to plan supersuits. Fill it out completely so your suit won't fail. - MT

Agent Names: Jometada 6-22

Draw a rough sketch of your suit below. Label important parts. This doesn't need to be fancy. You'll do a final drawing later.



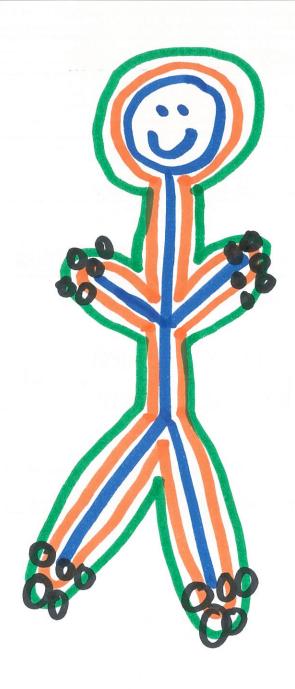
FINAL REPORT

Agent Names: To meta da 6-22
Suit Name: Dermara:
Designed for environment: Flood water
Feedback from other agents was: <u>Comern about hands</u>
Improvements made were: re-explained "gecko inspired biomimicry climbing system"
biomimicry climbing system"
Suit should still be tested for these weaknesses: durability, thermal protection when not moving
Total Cost:

On the back, provide a labeled drawing of the suit:

- Label all materials
- Label parts of the suit that meet needs based on the environment
 - O For example, "the joints are dyneema for flexibility the jungle is difficult to travel in"
- Make multiple drawings from multiple angles or include close-ups, if necessary

FINAL REPORT: LABELED DRAWING



"gecko inspired biomimicry climbing System"

